Calculation of the predissociation spectra of the ${}^{35}CI^{-}(H_2)$ complex and its isotopologue ${}^{35}CI^{-}(D_2)$ recently measured in an ionic trap at low temperature

M. Lara-Moreno, P. Halvick and T. Stoecklin

UMR5255-CNRS, Université de Bordeaux, 351 cours de la libération , F-33405 Talence, France.

The predissociation spectra of the 35 Cl⁻(H₂) and 35 Cl⁻(D₂) complexes are determined within an accurate quantum approach and compared to those recently measured in an ionic trap at 8 K and 22 K. [1,2] The calculations are performed using an existing three-dimensional potential energy surface [3]. A variational approach is used for the accurate quantum calculations of the rovibrational bound states. Several methods are compared for the search and the characterization of the resonant states. A good agreement between the calculated and measured spectra is obtained, despite a slight shift to the red of the calculated spectra. The comparison shows that only the ortho or para contribution is observed in the measured 35 Cl⁻(H₂) or 35 Cl⁻(D₂) spectrum, respectively. This result is attributed to the rapid para \Leftrightarrow ortho conversion of the complexes by collision with H₂ or D₂ molecules inside the trap at low temperature. Quantum numbers are assigned to the rovibrational resonant states. It demonstrates that the main features observed in the measured predissociation spectra

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